

# Soil Chemistry Profile

## Mehlich 3 - Multi-nutrient Extractant

 
 Sample Drop Off:
 16 Chilvers Road Thornleigh NSW 2120
 Tel:
 1300 30 40 80

 Mailing Address:
 PO Box 357 Pennant Hills NSW 1715
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 info@sesl.com.au

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Batch N°: 40740 Sample N°: 1 Date Received: 21/9/16 Report Status: O Draft 
 Final Client Name: Graeme Bell Project Name: Chemical & Physical Soil Analysis Client Contact: Graeme Bell Client Job N°: SESL Quote N°: Q6081 Client Order N°: Sample Name: Soil Sample Address: 32 Jacks Lane Description: Soil Maroota NSW Test Type: FSC, TOC DC, BSP, FC/PWP EWEA

### RECOMMENDATIONS

This soil was analysed to determine its suitability as a high performing agricultural soil. The soil is extremely acidic with a high proportion of exchangeable hydrogen. Due to the acidity, aluminium has become available which can be toxic to plants. Being a sandy clay loam, the soil has a low CEC and therefore a poor ability to retain plant nutrients. This is reflected by the plant available nutrients which are deficient. The ability of this soil to hold water is low - the field capacity (amount of water in the soil 48 hours after saturation) is 25.27%, and the plant available water is 116.1mm/m. Most soils are above 150mm/m. Organic matter levels are low.

In it's current state this soil is not an ideal agricultural soil. It is sandy, has poor nurtient and water holding and is strongly acidic. However, this soil can be improved. **Lime at 220 g/sqm (say 2 t/ha)** will raise the pH and balance cations. Applications of a properly composted (conforms to A.S. 4454 CSC) **organic material at up to 10t/ha** will improve water and nutrient holding capacity. A full NPK plus trace element fertiliser program is required appropriate to the enterprise. For pasture a **Pasture Starter at 500 kg/ha** plus annual application will be required for reasonable productivity. For fruit trees and Gardens **"Nitrophoska" at 50-100 g/sqm** is a high analysis well balanced product.





CATION RATIOS





A member of the Australasian Soil and Plant Analysis Council † This laboratory has been awarded a Certificate of Proficiency for specific soil and plant tissue analyses by the Australasian Soil and Plant Analysis Council (ASPAC). Tests for which proficiency has been demonstrated are highlighted in this report. Disclaimer: Tests are performed under a quality system complying with ISO 9001: 2008. Results are based on the analysis of the sample taken or received by SESL. Due to the variability of sampling procedures, environmental conditions and managerial factors, SESL does not accept any liability for a lack of performance based on its interpretation and recommendations. This document must not be reproduced except in full.



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		PL	ANT A	VAILABLE	NU	TRIENT	S			
Major Nutrients	Result (mg/kg)	Very Low	Low	Marginal	<b>2</b>	Adequate	High	Result (g/sqm)	Desirable (g/sqm)	Adjustmer (g/sqm)
Nitrate-N (NO <sub>3</sub> )	7.2							1	4	3
Phosphate-P (PO <sub>4</sub> )	25.2							3.4	8.4	5
Potassium (K) <sup>†</sup>	58.5							7.8	29.3	21.5
Sulphate-S (SO <sub>4</sub> )	15				////			2	9	7
Calcium (Ca) <sup>†</sup>	624							83	208.3	125.3
Magnesium (Mg) <sup>†</sup>	129							17.2	21.7	4.5
Iron (Fe)	149							19.8	73.4	53.6
Manganese (Mn) <sup>†</sup>	8.3							1.1	5.9	4.8
Zinc (Zn) <sup>†</sup>	2.5							0.3	0.7	0.4
Copper (Cu)	0.8							0.1	0.8	0.7
Boron (B) <sup>†</sup>	0.2							0	0.4	0.4
Explanation of graph	ranges:				/////			NOTES: Adjust	ment recommendatio	
Very Low Marginal				💋 Adequate		High		elemental applic	ation to shift the soil t and, which maximises	est level to within
deficiency symptoms present. Large applications for soil building purposes are usually recommended. Potential response to nutrient addition is >90%.	deficiency. Potential response to nutrient addition is 60 to 90%.	build-up is si recommende Potential res	the plant, and     and and only       build-up is still     maintenance applicatio       recommended.     rates are recommende       Potential response to     nutrient addition is 30       to 60%.     30%.			ed. ground and surface waters Drawdown is recommende		Adequate. • g/sqm measurements are based on soil bulk density of		
Phosphorus Saturation Index		Exchan	Exchangeable Acidity				Physical Description			
		Adams-E	vans Buffe	er pH (BpH):	7.4		Texture:		Sandy	Clay Loam
0.15		Sum of B	ase Catior	ns (meq/100g <sup>-1</sup> ):	4.5		Colour:			
0.11 High Excessive					8.2		Estimated clay content:		20 - 30%	
		Base Saturation (%):			54.8	38	Size:		Fine (1 - 10mm)	
		Exchang	eable Acid	ity (meq/100g <sup>-1</sup> ):	3.57	7	Gravel con	itent:		Gravelly
0 mmol/kg ≥0.4		Exchange	Exchangeable Acidity (%):			54			edal - Weak	
		Lime Ap	Lime Application Rate				Structural unit: Potential infiltration rate:			Crumb
		– to achieve pH 6.0 (g/sqm):			220	220			):	Moderate
Low. Plant response to applied P is likely.		- to neutralise AI (g/sqm):			17					5 - 20 0.4
		Gypsum	Gypsum Application Rate				– Non-saline. Salinity effects on plants			
			– to achieve 67.5% exch. Ca (g/sqm): 0				are mostly negligible.			
		The CGA	The CGAR is corrected for a soil Organic Ca					arbon (OC%)	<sup>†</sup> : <b>0.7 – Low</b>	
			depth of 100mm and any Lime Organic M					latter (OM%): 1.2		
		depth of	roomin an				organie m		1.4	

#### **Consultant: Chantal Milner**

Authorised Signatory: Simon Leake

Date Report Generated 18/10/2016

METHOD REFERENCES: pH (1:5 HzO) - Rayment & Higginson (1992) 4A1, pH (1:5 GaCiz) - Rayment & Higginson (1992) 4A1, C1 (1:5) - Rayment & Higginson (1992) 5A1, Chioride - Rayment & Higginson (1992) 7B1 Alumnitum - SESL in-house, POL K, SQ, Ca, Mg, Na, Fe, Mn, Zn, Cu, B - Mehlich 3 (1984), Buffer pH and Hydrogen - Adams-Evans (1972) TextureSitructerColour - PM0003 (Texture-"Northcole" (1992), Structure- "Murphy" (1991), Colour- "Munseil" (2000))



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